

## Overview of targets

From 2018, the Partnership for Sustainable Textiles will have binding deadline and volume targets for all members. The content and number of goals will differ from stakeholder group to stakeholder group. The following table provides a simplified overview of the targets. The comprehensive targets agreed by the Steering Committee on 22 November 2017 apply to the formal creation of Roadmaps by members. Unless they have already done so, members must set themselves these targets and achieve them in the specified period of time. For new members, the targets apply in accordance with the date they joined the Partnership. In other words, targets for 2018 apply in the year of admission, targets for 2019 apply for the following year, etc.

In addition to the individual requirements, common Partnership targets have also been specified. One example is the common target of using at least 35% sustainable cotton by 2020, with 10% of the total volume required to be organic cotton. By 2025, the total proportion of sustainable cotton will then rise to 70% and the proportion of organic cotton to 20%.

<b>Brands and retailers must...</b>	2018	2019	2020
<b>Overarching targets</b>			
...have recognised and prioritised their risks and potential negative effects.			
...have systematically recorded their business partners and producers.			
...have established a system for reviewing implementation of their requirements in the supply chain on an ongoing basis.			
...have introduced a procedure for dealing with violations of their requirements by business partners and producers.			
...contribute to raising public awareness of sustainable textile production.			
<b>Chemicals and Environmental Management</b>			
...have required their business partners and producers to comply with the Partnership's MRSL <sup>1</sup> (ZDHC <sup>2</sup> as a minimum).			
...have required their producers and business partners to comply with a wastewater standard.			
...assist producers to make their business operations more compliant and environmentally friendly.			
...increase the proportion of producers using ZDHC-compliant chemical products exclusively.			
<b>Social Standards and Living Wages</b>			
...have required their producers and business partners to comply with the Partnership's social goals.			
...have established a process for dealing with cases of child and/or forced labour (including access to remedy).			
...support their producers with implementing the Partnership's social goals.			
...take account of identified social risks and potential negative effects when selecting suppliers and awarding contracts.			
...have contributed to making it easier for employees to access complaints mechanisms.			
...participate in an initiative designed to ensure that employees in producer countries are paid a living wage.			
<b>Natural Fibres</b>			
...have in place a policy on the use of sustainable new wool, including a position in opposition to mulesing <sup>3</sup> .			

<sup>1</sup> The ZDHC Manufacturing Restricted Substances List (MRSL) is an internationally harmonised list of problematic groups of substances that should not be used in textile production. The Textiles Partnership has recognised the ZDHC MRSL as the Partnership MRSL.

<sup>2</sup> The Zero Discharge of Hazardous Chemicals (ZDHC) Foundation seeks to reduce the discharge of hazardous chemicals in the textile and leather production value chain, and provides members and their suppliers with tools and training for improving chemicals management.

<sup>3</sup> An intervention in which skin is removed from a sheep's rear without pain relief in order to prevent fly maggots nesting in the folds of skin.

...increase the proportion of organic cotton and/or other sustainable cotton they use.

## Brands and retailers should...

### Overarching targets

...publish a list of their producers and business partners.

...keep a record of stakeholders in the deeper supply chain.

...prohibit producers and business partners from engaging in unauthorised subcontracting practices.

...participate in a Partnership Initiative.

### Chemicals and Environmental Management

...only work with producers using ZDHC-compliant chemical products exclusively.

### Social Standards and Living Wages

...have an effective complaints mechanism in place.

<u>Manufacturers must...</u>	2018	2019	2020
<b>Overarching targets</b>			
...have recognised and prioritised their risks and potential negative effects.			
...have systematically recorded their business partners and producers.			
...have established a system for reviewing implementation of their requirements in the supply chain on an ongoing basis.			
...have introduced a procedure for dealing with violations of their requirements by business partners and producers.			
...contribute to raising public awareness of sustainable textile production.			
<b>Chemicals and Environmental Management</b>			
...have required its business partners and producers to comply with the Partnership's MRSL <sup>4</sup> (ZDHC <sup>5</sup> as a minimum).			
...use ZDHC-compliant chemical products only.			
...comply with a wastewater standard.			
...have required their producers and business partners to comply with a wastewater standard.			
...assist producers to make their business operations more compliant and environmentally friendly.			
...increase the proportion of producers using ZDHC-compliant chemical products exclusively.			
<b>Social Standards and Living Wages</b>			
...have required their producers and business partners to comply with the Partnership's social goals.			
...have established a process for dealing with cases of child and/or forced labour (including access to remedy).			
...support their producers with implementing the Partnership's social goals.			
...take account of identified social risks and potential negative effects when selecting suppliers and awarding contracts.			
...have contributed to making it easier for employees to access complaints mechanisms.			
...participate in an initiative designed to ensure that employees in producer countries are paid a living wage.			

<sup>4</sup> The ZDHC Manufacturing Restricted Substances List (MRSL) is an internationally harmonised list of problematic groups of substances that should not be used in textile production. The Textiles Partnership has recognised the ZDHC MRSL as the Partnership MRSL.

<sup>5</sup> The Zero Discharge of Hazardous Chemicals (ZDHC) Foundation seeks to reduce the discharge of hazardous chemicals in the textile and leather production value chain, and provides members and their suppliers with tools and training for improving chemicals management.

### Natural Fibres

...have in place a policy on the use of sustainable new wool, including a position in opposition to mulesing<sup>6</sup>.

...increase the proportion of organic cotton and/or other sustainable types of cotton they use.

### Manufacturers should...

#### Overarching targets

...publish a list of their producers and business partners.

...keep a record of stakeholders in the deeper supply chain.

...prohibit producers and business partners from engaging in unauthorised subcontracting practices.

...participate in a Partnership Initiative.

#### Social Standards and Living Wages

...have an effective complaints mechanism in place.

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<sup>6</sup> An intervention in which skin is removed from a sheep's rear without pain relief in order to prevent fly maggots nesting in the folds of skin.

The German Government must... <sup>7</sup>	2018	2019	2020
<b>Overarching targets</b>			
...have recognised and prioritised its risks and potential negative effects.			
...have systematically recorded its business partners and producers.			
...have introduced a procedure for dealing with violations of its requirements by business partners and producers.			
...contribute to raising public awareness of sustainable textile production.			
...engage with political decision-makers to promote the improvement of conditions in the textile sector.			
<b>Chemicals and Environmental Management</b>			
...have required its business partners and producers to comply with the Partnership's MRSL <sup>8</sup> (ZDHC <sup>9</sup> as a minimum).			
...have required its producers and business partners to comply with a wastewater standard.			
...assist producers to make their business operations more compliant and environmentally friendly.			
<b>Social Standards and Living Wages</b>			
...have required its producers and business partners to comply with the Partnership's social goals.			
...have established a process for dealing with cases of child and/or forced labour (including access to remedy).			
...take account of identified social risks and potential negative effects when selecting suppliers and awarding contracts.			
...have contributed to making it easier for employees to access complaints mechanisms.			
...participate in an initiative designed to ensure that employees in producer countries are paid a living wage.			
<b>Natural Fibres</b>			
...have in place a policy on the use of sustainable new wool, including a position in opposition to mulesing <sup>10</sup> .			
...increase the proportion of organic cotton and/or other sustainable cotton they use.			

<sup>7</sup> The deadlines and volume targets for the German Government are subject to the provisions of the German Government's guideline and step-by-step planning process for sustainable public textile procurement.

<sup>8</sup> The ZDHC Manufacturing Restricted Substances List (MRSL) is an internationally harmonised list of problematic groups of substances that should not be used in textile production. The Textiles Partnership has recognised the ZDHC MRSL as the Partnership MRSL.

<sup>9</sup> The Zero Discharge of Hazardous Chemicals (ZDHC) Foundation seeks to reduce the discharge of hazardous chemicals in the textile and leather production value chain, and provides members and their suppliers with tools and training for improving chemicals management.

<sup>10</sup> An intervention in which skin is removed from a sheep's rear without pain relief in order to prevent fly maggots nesting in the folds of skin.

## The German Government should...

### Overarching targets

...publish a list of its producers and business partners.

...prohibit producers and business partners from engaging in unauthorised subcontracting practices.

...participate in a Partnership Initiative.

### Social Standards and Living Wages

...have an effective complaints mechanism in place.

<b>Non-governmental organisations must...</b>	2018	2019	2020
<b>Overarching targets</b>			
...contribute to raising public awareness of sustainable textile production.			
...provide or develop instruments to assist companies with implementing the Partnership goals.			
...engage with political decision-makers to promote the improvement of conditions in the textile sector.			
...provide information on Partnership topics.			
<b>Chemicals and Environmental Management</b>			
...assist producers to make their business operations more compliant and environmentally friendly.			
<b>Social Standards and Living Wages</b>			
...have contributed to measures for dealing with cases of child and forced labour.			
...have contributed to making it easier for employees to access complaints mechanisms.			
...participate in an initiative designed to ensure that employees in producer countries are paid a living wage.			

**Non-governmental organisations within the Partnership should...**

<b>Overarching targets</b>
...participate in a Partnership Initiative.
...provide training to assist companies with implementing the Partnership goals.

<u>Associations and initiatives must...</u>	2018	2019	2020
<b>Overarching targets</b>			
...contribute to raising public awareness of sustainable textile production.			
...provide or develop instruments to assist companies with implementing the Partnership goals.			
...engage with political decision-makers to promote the improvement of conditions in the textile sector.			
...provide information on Partnership topics.			
<b>Social Standards and Living Wages</b>			
...have contributed to measures for dealing with cases of child and forced labour.			
...have contributed to making it easier for employees to access complaints mechanisms.			
...participate in an initiative designed to ensure that employees in producer countries are paid a living wage.			

Associations and initiatives within the Partnership should...

<b>Overarching targets</b>			
...participate in a Partnership Initiative.			
...provide training to assist companies with implementing the Partnership goals.			

<b>Standards organisations must...</b>	2018	2019	2020
<b>Overarching targets</b>			
...have introduced a procedure for dealing with violations of their requirements by certified companies.			
...contribute to raising public awareness of sustainable textile production.			
...provide or develop instruments to assist companies with implementing the Partnership goals.			
...engage with political decision-makers to promote the improvement of conditions in the textile sector.			
...train auditors in order to improve the process for reviewing the standard.			
...provide information on Partnership topics.			
<b>Chemicals and Environmental Management</b>			
...have driven the harmonisation of wastewater standards.			
...assist producers to make their business operations more compliant and environmentally friendly.			
<b>Social Standards and Living Wages</b>			
...have contributed to measures for dealing with cases of child and forced labour.			
...have contributed to making it easier for employees to access complaints mechanisms.			
...participate in an initiative designed to ensure that employees in producer countries are paid a living wage.			

**Standards organisations within the Partnership should...**

<b>Overarching targets</b>			
...participate in a Partnership Initiative.			
...provide training to assist companies with implementing the Partnership goals.			
<b>Natural Fibres</b>			
...participate in the expansion of procurement databases to simplify and speed up the process of responding to specific sourcing enquiries along the supply chain.			

<u>Trade unions must...</u>	2018	2019	2020
<b>Overarching targets</b>			
...strengthen trade unions in producer countries.			
...contribute to raising public awareness of sustainable textile production.			
...engage with political decision-makers to promote the improvement of conditions in the textile sector.			
...provide information on Partnership topics.			
<b>Social Standards and Living Wages</b>			
...have contributed to measures for dealing with cases of child and forced labour.			
...have contributed to making it easier for employees to access complaints mechanisms.			
...participate in an initiative designed to ensure that employees in producer countries are paid a living wage.			

Trade unions within the Partnership should...

<b>Overarching targets</b>			
...participate in a Partnership Initiative.			
...provide training to assist companies with implementing the Partnership goals.			